

OFFSHORE OPERATORS COMMITTEE

July 21, 2006

Rules Processing Team 381 Elden Street, MS-4024 Herndon, Virginia 20170-4817

To Whom It May Concern:

VIA EMAIL-OCS CONNECT

Re: 30 CFR Part 250 1010-AD19-Incorporate by Reference API RP 65

The Offshore Operators Committee appreciates the opportunity to comment on **RIN 1010-AD19** concerning the incorporation by reference of API RP 65 for Cementing Shallow Water Flow Zones in Deep Water into MMS Regulations. The Offshore Operators Committee (OOC) is a major trade organization of some 108 companies who conduct essentially all of the OCS oil and gas exploration and production activities in the Gulf of Mexico. Our membership represents approximately 95% of the oil and gas production in the Gulf of Mexico as well as the majority of oil and gas service providers engaged in support of the general membership. Comments made on behalf of OOC are submitted without prejudice to any member's right to have or express different or opposing views.

OOC supports the inclusion of appropriate industry documents, like the API RP 65, into MMS regulations. This action shows due diligence by MMS to maintain close ties with the regulated industry, and utilize where appropriate, industry developed standards and recommended practices. With respect to API RP 65, we would like to provide some cautionary statements with respect to the document. Appendix F of this document contains a scorecard that appears to limit the selection of cement systems and technologies applicable to shallow water flow prevention. When the RP was written, foamed cement was the industry choice for shallow water flow prevention. Since that time, new technical developments have lead to additional, high performance lightweight cement slurries that do not require the use of foam. These slurries are designed to meet a number of specific criteria, such as transition time, which can not be met by standard slurries. It is the incorporation of specific slurry design guidance, rather than specific designs that has lead, and will continue to lead, to improvements in the cementing of these wells.

While OOC supports the incorporation of API RP 65 into the regulations, we would like to point out that omitting Appendices D, E and F would be appropriate. These appendices appear to single out foamed cement as the preferred slurry of choice, and gives the user a false sense that this is the only acceptable solution to shallow water flow. Appendices A, B and C identify specific design and operational practices that are more universally applicable to these wells, and are thus appropriate for inclusion in the regulation.

MMS has solicited comments on two questions with respect to API RP65. The first is: "Is there benefit to singling out a specific cementing technique or "best practice" included in this standard to incorporate into MMS regulations in lieu of incorporating the entire standard?"

It is our technical opinion, that to adopt a specific cementing technique constrains the continued development and improvement of cementing practices. To adopt a specific technique would ignore the advances made in cementing technology, and would potentially prevent the industry and MMS the ability to apply these evolving technologies. Adopting a single technique we believe would not be appropriate.

The second question raised is: "Are there other cementing applications in MMS regulations (e.g., well abandonment operations, general cementing requirements included in 30 CFR 250.415) where the cementing techniques discussed in API RP 65 could be used to enhance the safety if it was incorporated into our regulations?"

API RP 65 was written specifically to address "Shallow Water Flow in Deep Water Wells." While the techniques and practices found in the document are drawn from some of the best available technologies, expanding the application of the information contained in the document would not be appropriate. To apply the techniques contained in the document to other wells would increase the operational costs of these wells considerably without a benefit identified. **As noted by the MMS**, incorporating API RP 65 into the regulations would result in a cost of approximately \$20,000 per well or approximately 0.05 percent of the total well cost. This is based on a \$40 million per well total cost for a typical deep water well. Were the same requirements applied to all wells, the associated cost percentage would rise significantly for the industry. This additional cost would not be justified for areas where shallow water flows are not present as no offsetting benefit would be realized.

OOC appreciates the opportunity to comment on this proposed regulation. Please contact us should you have any questions.

Yours truly,

Allen J. Verret

Allen J. Verret

Executive Director
Offshore Operators Committee